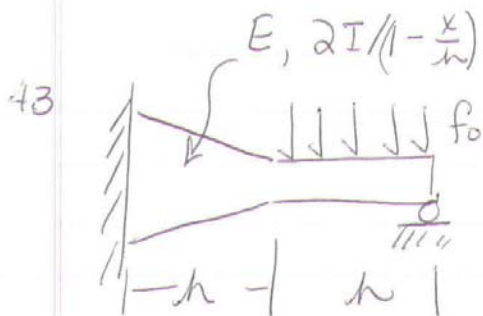


Hint for homework



$$\int_{x_A}^{x_B} EI \frac{d^2\phi_1}{dx^2} \frac{d^2\phi_2}{dx^2} dx$$

↙

switch to local coords, since $x_A = 0$; $x = \bar{x}$

$$2EI \int_0^{he} \frac{1}{(1-\frac{\bar{x}}{h})} \frac{d^2\phi_1}{d\bar{x}^2} \frac{d^2\phi_2}{d\bar{x}^2} d\bar{x}$$

define a new variable $y = \frac{\bar{x}}{he}$

$$yhe = \bar{x}$$

$$he dy = d\bar{x}$$

$$\frac{d^2\phi_1}{d\bar{x}^2} = -\frac{6}{he^2} \left(1 - 2\frac{\bar{x}}{he}\right) = -\frac{6}{he^2} (1 - 2y)$$

$$\frac{d^2\phi_2}{d\bar{x}^2} = -\frac{2}{he} \left(3\frac{\bar{x}}{he} - 2\right) = -\frac{2}{he} (3y - 2)$$

$$\frac{d^2\phi_3}{d\bar{x}^2} = -\frac{d^2\phi_1}{d\bar{x}^2} \quad \frac{d^2\phi_4}{d\bar{x}^2} = -\frac{2}{he} (3y - 1)$$

$$\text{so at } \bar{x} = h_e \quad y = 1$$

and

$$K_{11} = 2EI \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1-y} \left(\frac{36}{h_e^4} \right) (1-2y)^2 \overbrace{h_e}^{d\bar{x}} dy$$

$$= \frac{2EI}{h_e^3} 36 \underbrace{\int_0^1 \frac{(1-2y)^2}{1-y} dy}$$

integrate this numerically -
use matlab, mathematica, excel...

You can make this substitution for other entries
and ~~find~~ ^{evaluate} the resulting integral numerically since
you no longer have h_e in the integral